

Paul's Epistle to the Romans

 Greatest Gospel Tract Ever Written by the Holy Spirit through the Heart of Paul

Romans - Background

- Explosion of Churches across the Roman Empire
 - Writes Romans from Corinth in 57 AD at end of 3rd Journey
 - Paul had not planted the church of Rome but knew many saints from there and also their struggles
 - Acts 19.21 Paul's measure and rule keeps growing as he makes extensive travel plans to visit Rome on his way to "the uttermost parts of the earth" (Spain) after bringing offering to Jerusalem
 - Paul has seen that Rome is a strategic center for the global expansion of the Christ's Kingdom
 - Paul's vision at this point is also expanding beyond his charge of building the church ('tent' making) to being a steward of a prophetic revelation of the Father's eternal plans for the whole re-created universe as Heaven and earth become one

Reasons for writing

- Rom.1.5 To fulfill his primary stewardship of bringing gentiles into the "obedience of faith" of the Kingdom
- Rom.1.14 Under debt of obligation to share with the church in Rome the <u>full gospel</u> of Christ as the foundation in light of this church's global influence throughout the world
- 1.16 "Not ashamed" of the gospel to the gentiles whose validity was being questioned by some leaders who challenged Paul's apostleship as well as his "gentile revelation"

Romans - Background Burden

- Before Paul develops his gospel revelation of "the Righteousness of God by faith", he begins by finding common ground regarding righteousness upon which all thoughtful men can agree
 - Rom 1.18-20 **Creation** reveals to every man that God does things "right" (Ac.14.15-17)
 - Rom 2.14-17 **Conscience** reveals that all men "know" right from wrong and are therefore accountable under God

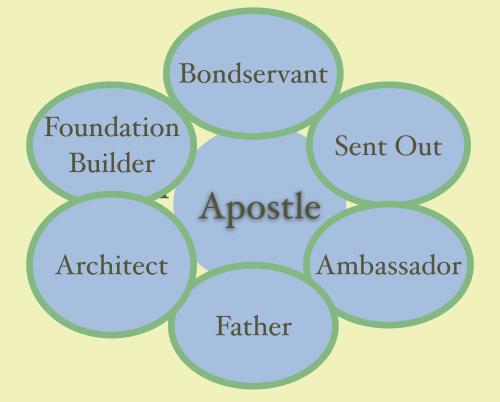




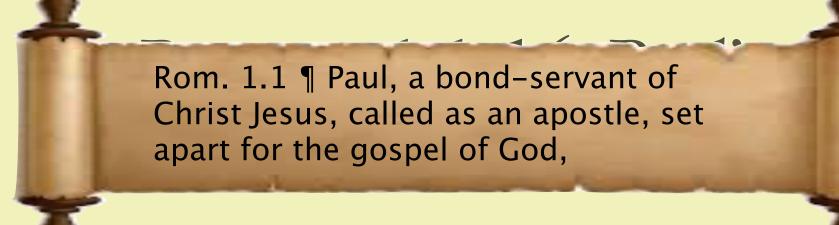
• Introduction Rom 1.1-7

1. Who is Paul - v.1





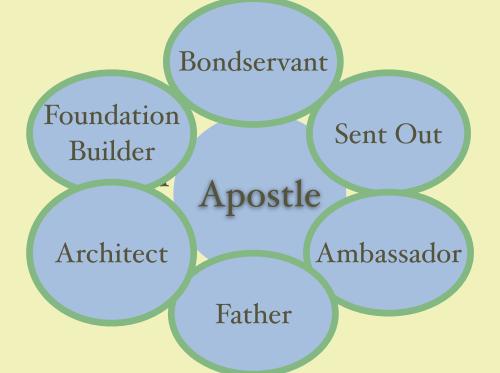




• Introduction Rom 1.1-7

1. Who is Paul - v.1













Introduction Rom 1.1-7
2.Who is the Gospel - v. 2-4





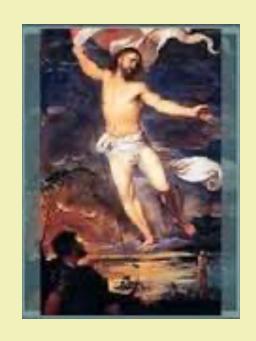


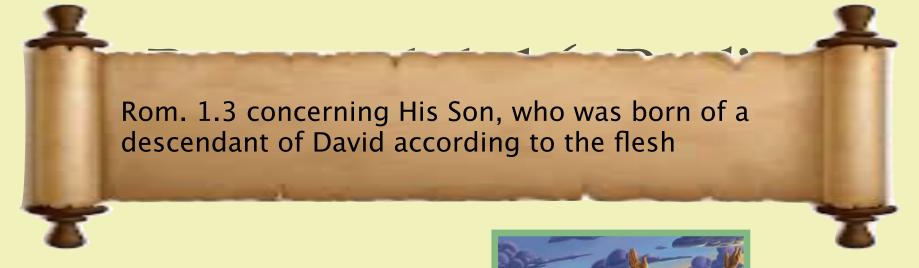


- Introduction Rom 1.1-7
 - 2. Who is the Gospel v. 2-4
 - v.2 gospel promised by OT prophets







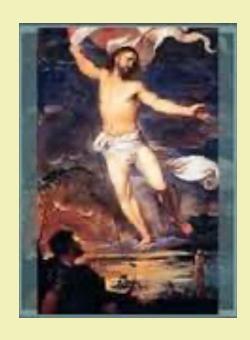


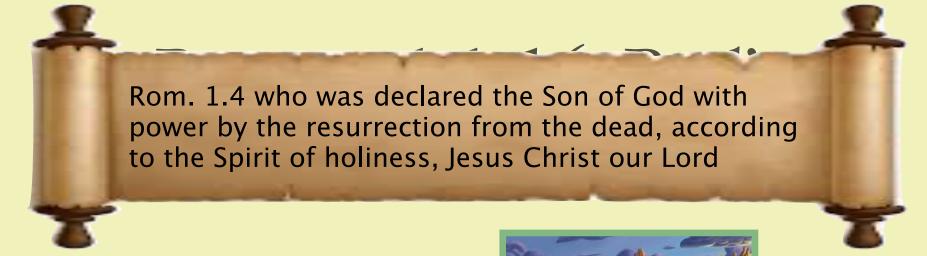
- Introduction Rom 1.1-7
 - 2. Who is the Gospel v. 2-4

v.2 gospel promised by OT prophets

v.3 the gospel is God's Son who became a human descendant of King David

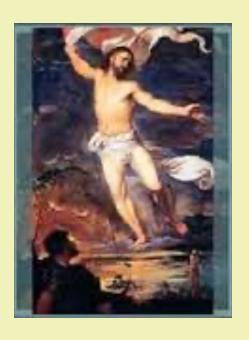


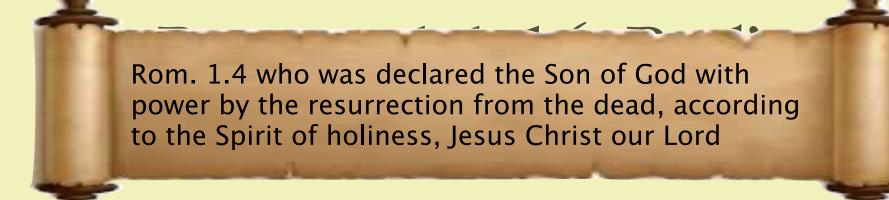




- Introduction Rom 1.1-7
 - 2. Who is the Gospel v. 2-4
 - v.2 gospel promised by OT prophets
 - v.3 the gospel is God's Son who became a human descendant of King David
 - v.4 Declared "Son of God" forever by His powerful human resurrection accomplished by the Holy Spirit

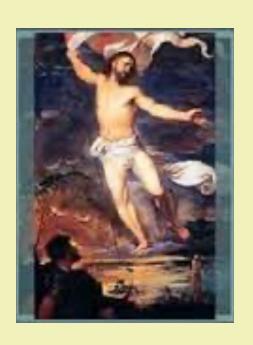


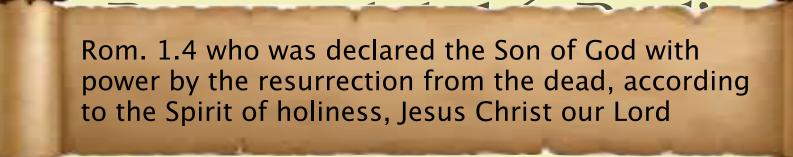




- Introduction Rom 1.1-7
 - 2. Who is the Gospel v. 2-4
 - v.2 gospel promised by OT prophets
 - v.3 the gospel is God's Son who became a human descendant of King David
 - v.4 Declared "Son of God" forever by His powerful human resurrection accomplished by the Holy Spirit
 - v.4 His full title is now Jesus Christ our Lord







- Introduction Rom 1.1-7
 - 2. Who is the Gospel v. 2-4
 - v.2 gospel promised by OT prophets
 - v.3 the gospel is God's Son who became a human descendant of King David
 - v.4 Declared "Son of God" forever by His powerful human resurrection accomplished by the Holy Spirit
 - v.4 His full title is now Jesus Christ our Lord
 - Paul's point: his gospel was about a Person not a kingdom or a doctrine or a covenant or a religion

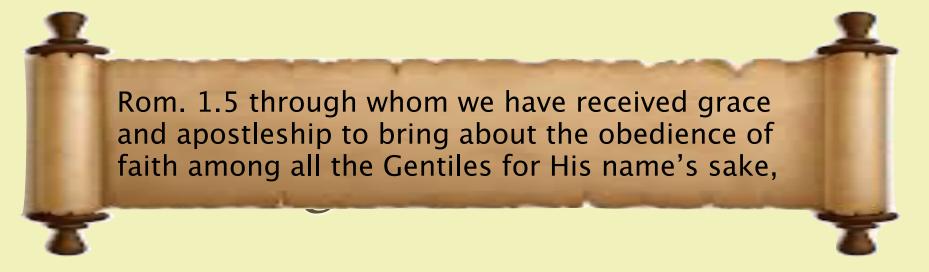




ENABLING GRACE

3. Paul introduces himself as an apostle of Jesus Christ who now has a burden to come at last to Rome to help in the building up of the church Rom 1.5

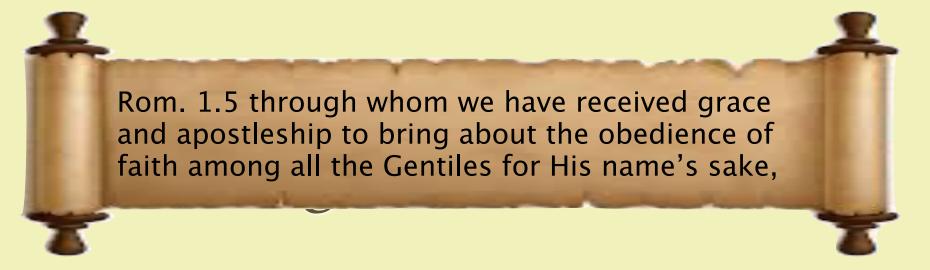




3. Paul introduces himself as an apostle of Jesus Christ who now has a burden to come at last to Rome to help in the building up of the church Rom 1.5

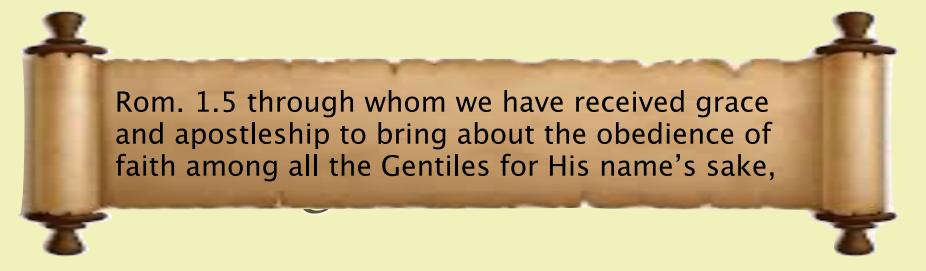
v.5 "grace" here includes more than the unmerited love of God





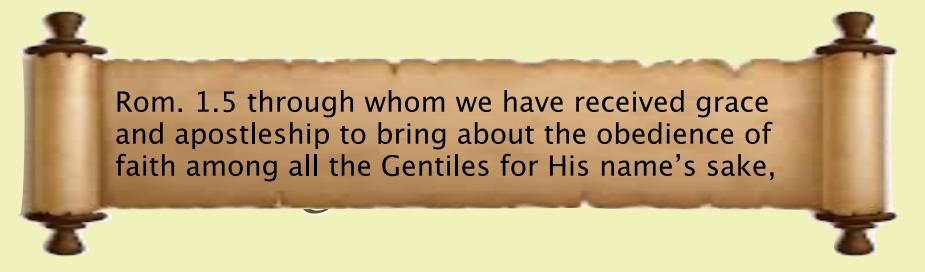
- 3. Paul introduces himself as an apostle of Jesus Christ who now has a burden to come at last to Rome to help in the building up of the church Rom 1.5
 - v.5 "grace" here includes more than the unmerited love of God
 - here as in 1Cor.15.10 it is the divine enabling from the Lord to serve with life and power





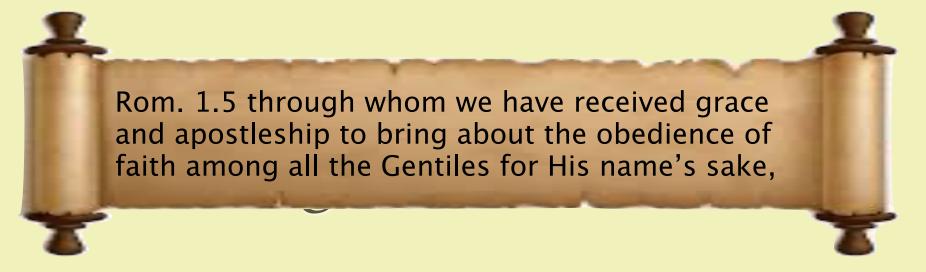
- 3. Paul introduces himself as an apostle of Jesus Christ who now has a burden to come at last to Rome to help in the building up of the church Rom 1.5
 - v.5 "grace" here includes more than the unmerited love of God
 - here as in 1Cor.15.10 it is the divine enabling from the Lord to serve with life and power
 - v. 5 "apostleship" Paul is a gift given to the whole church to lay the foundation of Jesus Christ and build upon it even in Rome





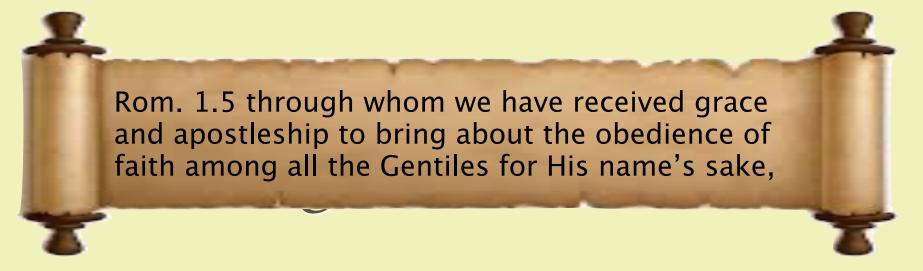
- 3. Paul introduces himself as an apostle of Jesus Christ who now has a burden to come at last to Rome to help in the building up of the church Rom 1.5
 - v.5 "grace" here includes more than the unmerited love of God
 - here as in 1Cor.15.10 it is the divine enabling from the Lord to serve with life and power
 - v. 5 "apostleship" Paul is a gift given to the whole church to lay the foundation of Jesus Christ and build upon it even in Rome
 - v.5 Paul both begins his letter and ends it (Rom.16.26) with this unusual term "the obedience of faith"





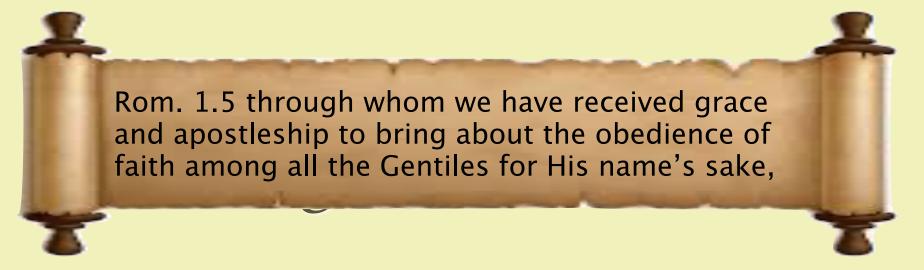
- 3. Paul introduces himself as an apostle of Jesus Christ who now has a burden to come at last to Rome to help in the building up of the church Rom 1.5
 - v.5 "grace" here includes more than the unmerited love of God
 - here as in 1Cor.15.10 it is the divine enabling from the Lord to serve with life and power
 - v. 5 "apostleship" Paul is a gift given to the whole church to lay the foundation of Jesus Christ and build upon it even in Rome
 - v.5 Paul both begins his letter and ends it (Rom.16.26) with this unusual term "the obedience of faith"
 - faith is not simply something believed in the mind





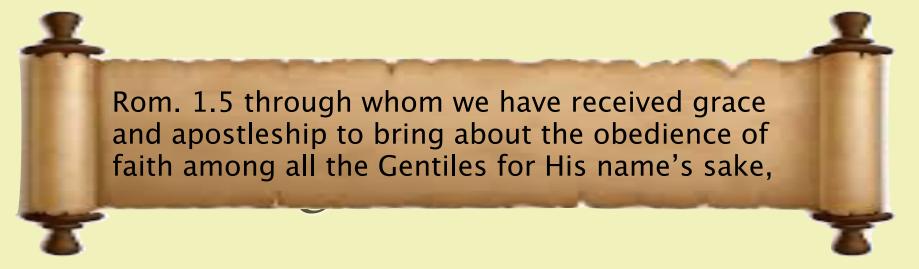
- 3. Paul introduces himself as an apostle of Jesus Christ who now has a burden to come at last to Rome to help in the building up of the church Rom 1.5
 - v.5 "grace" here includes more than the unmerited love of God
 - here as in 1Cor.15.10 it is the divine enabling from the Lord to serve with life and power
 - v. 5 "apostleship" Paul is a gift given to the whole church to lay the foundation of Jesus Christ and build upon it even in Rome
 - v.5 Paul both begins his letter and ends it (Rom.16.26) with this unusual term "the obedience of faith"
 - faith is not simply something believed in the mind
 - faith is an action coming out of the heart:





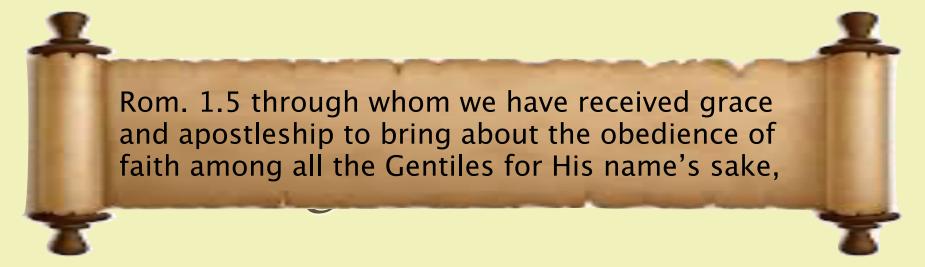
- 3. Paul introduces himself as an apostle of Jesus Christ who now has a burden to come at last to Rome to help in the building up of the church Rom 1.5
 - v.5 "grace" here includes more than the unmerited love of God
 - here as in 1Cor.15.10 it is the divine enabling from the Lord to serve with life and power
 - v. 5 "apostleship" Paul is a gift given to the whole church to lay the foundation of Jesus Christ and build upon it even in Rome
 - v.5 Paul both begins his letter and ends it (Rom.16.26) with this unusual term "the obedience of faith"
 - faith is not simply something believed in the mind
 - faith is an action coming out of the heart:
 - first it comes/connects to the Lord by <u>repentance</u>, <u>surrender</u> and confession at salvation





- 3. Paul introduces himself as an apostle of Jesus Christ who now has a burden to come at last to Rome to help in the building up of the church Rom 1.5
 - v.5 "grace" here includes more than the unmerited love of God
 - here as in 1Cor.15.10 it is the divine enabling from the Lord to serve with life and power
 - v. 5 "apostleship" Paul is a gift given to the whole church to lay the foundation of Jesus Christ and build upon it even in Rome
 - v.5 Paul both begins his letter and ends it (Rom.16.26) with this unusual term "the obedience of faith"
 - faith is not simply something believed in the mind
 - faith is an action coming out of the heart:
 - first it comes/connects to the Lord by <u>repentance</u>, <u>surrender</u> and confession at salvation
 - then it remains connected by <u>obeying</u> the commands of the Lord through His Spirit

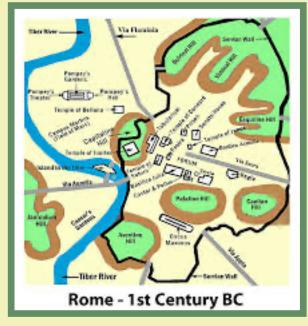




- 3. Paul introduces himself as an apostle of Jesus Christ who now has a burden to come at last to Rome to help in the building up of the church Rom 1.5
 - v.5 "grace" here includes more than the unmerited love of God
 - here as in 1Cor.15.10 it is the divine enabling from the Lord to serve with life and power
 - v. 5 "apostleship" Paul is a gift given to the whole church to lay the foundation of Jesus Christ and build upon it even in Rome
 - v.5 Paul both begins his letter and ends it (Rom.16.26) with this unusual term "the obedience of faith"
 - faith is not simply something believed in the mind
 - faith is an action coming out of the heart:
 - first it comes/connects to the Lord by <u>repentance</u>, <u>surrender</u> and confession at salvation
 - then it remains connected by <u>obeying</u> the commands of the Lord through His Spirit
 - v.5 Paul acknowledges that his apostleship brings this about especially among Gentiles

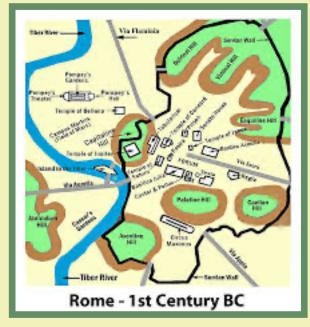


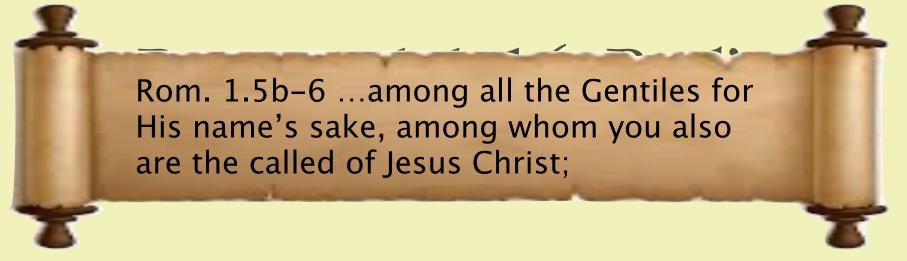




- Introduction Rom 1.1-7
 - 4. Who is the church in Rome v.5b-7



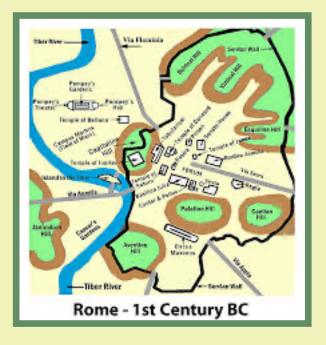


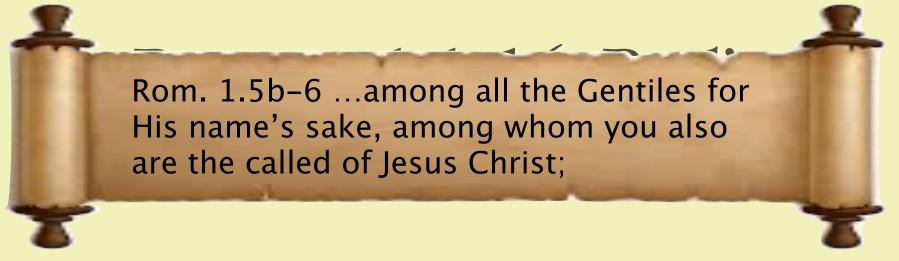


- Introduction Rom 1.1-7
 - 4. Who is the church in Rome v.5b-7

v. 5b Paul includes them among the churches which are predominantly Gentile

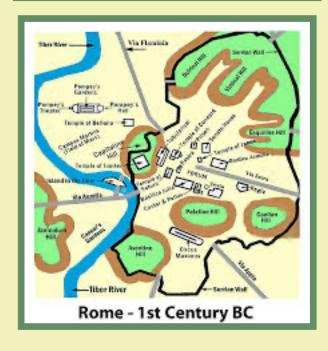


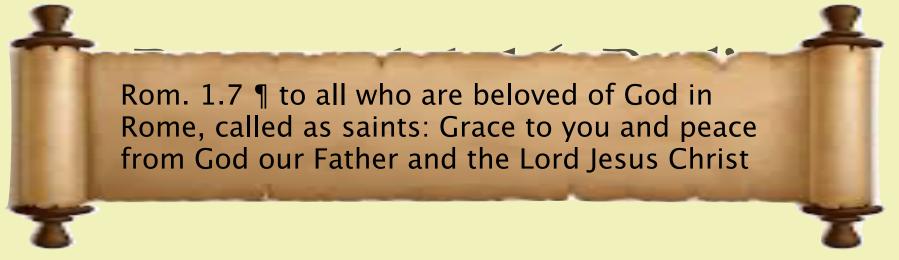




- Introduction Rom 1.1-7
 - 4. Who is the church in Rome v.5b-7
 - v. 5b Paul includes them among the churches which are predominantly Gentile
 - v.6 "Called of Jesus Christ" in Gk. genitive means "belonging to" or "possessed by" the Lord as His



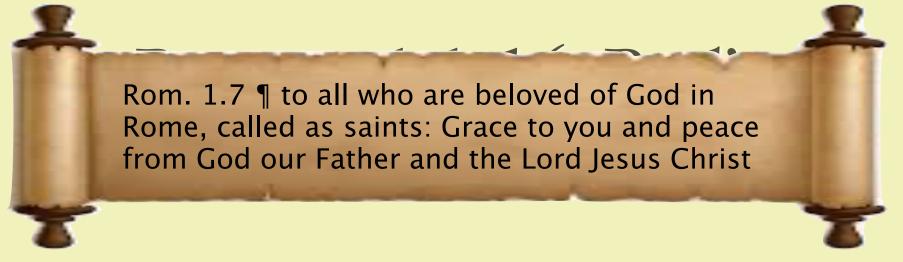




- Introduction Rom 1.1-7
 - 4. Who is the church in Rome v.5b-7
 - v. 5b Paul includes them among the churches which are predominantly Gentile
 - v.6 "Called of Jesus Christ" in Gk. genitive means "belonging to" or "possessed by" the Lord as His
 - v.7 "beloved of God" because in Christ







- Introduction Rom 1.1-7
 - 4. Who is the church in Rome v.5b-7

v. 5b Paul includes them among the churches which are predominantly Gentile

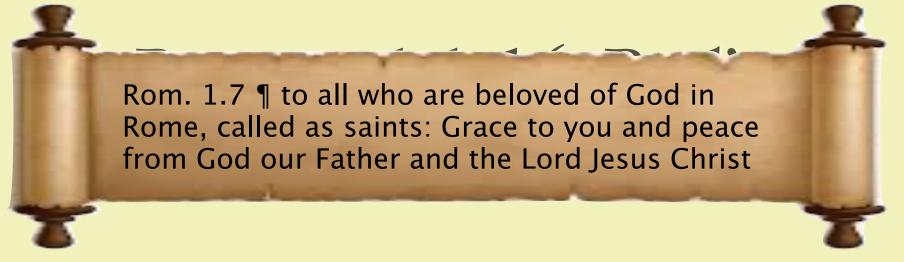
v.6 "Called of Jesus Christ" in Gk. genitive means "belonging to" or "possessed by" the Lord as His

v.7 "beloved of God" because in Christ

v.7 now the calling is described: "holy, set apart ones" from the moment of salvation in Rome



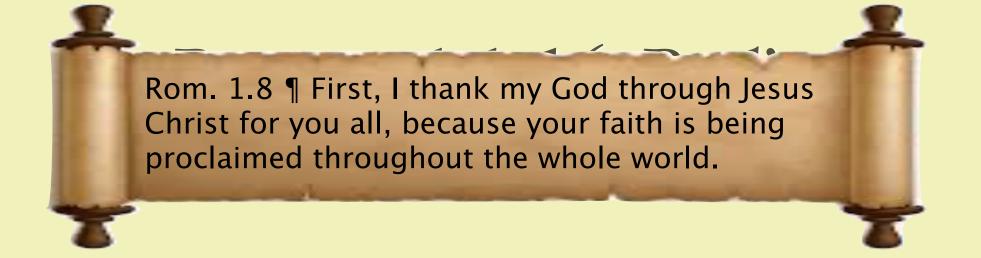


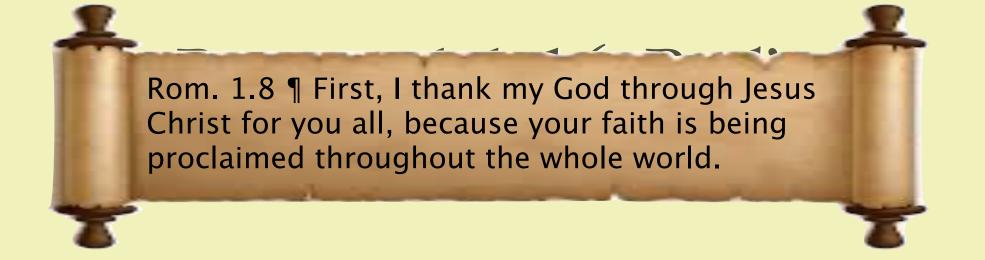


- Introduction Rom 1.1-7
 - 4. Who is the church in Rome v.5b-7
 - v. 5b Paul includes them among the churches which are predominantly Gentile
 - v.6 "Called of Jesus Christ" in Gk. genitive means "belonging to" or "possessed by" the Lord as His
 - v.7 "beloved of God" because in Christ
 - v.7 now the calling is described: "holy, set apart ones" from the moment of salvation in Rome
 - v.7 grace and peace now surround you from God the Father and abide within through Jesus Christ

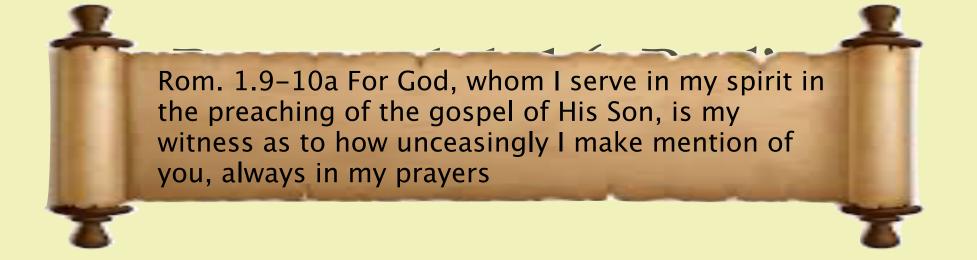






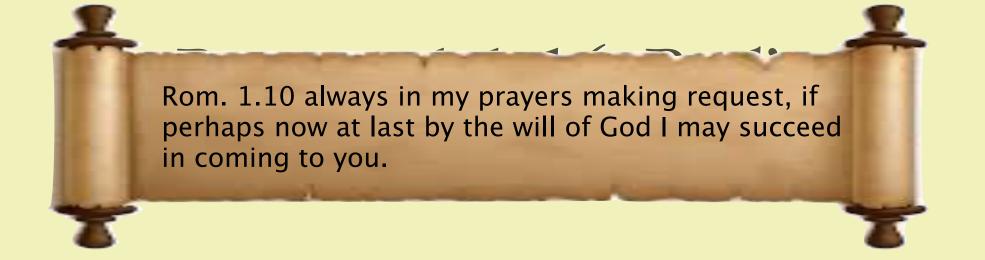


v.8 as a believer who rejoices in the testimony of Christ that is going out to the world from the church in Rome



v.8 as a believer who rejoices in the testimony of Christ that is going out to the world from the church in Rome

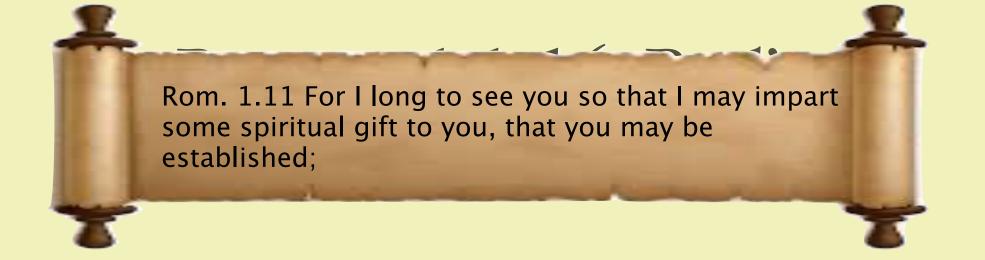
v.9-10a as a gospel preacher who unceasingly prays for the assemblies in Rome



v.8 as a believer who rejoices in the testimony of Christ that is going out to the world from the church in Rome

v.9-10a as a gospel preacher who unceasingly prays for the assemblies in Rome

v. 10b and also praying to the Lord that I might come to you in Rome

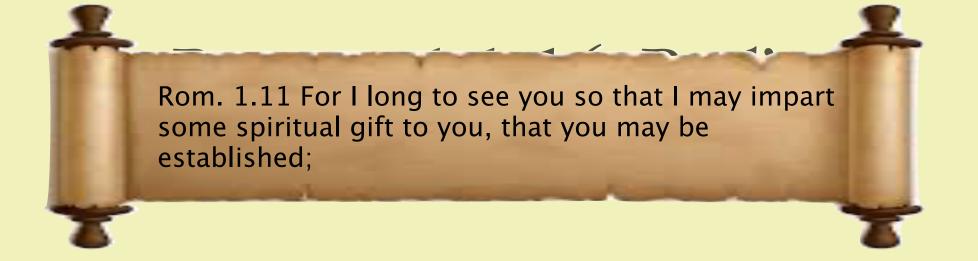


v.8 as a believer who rejoices in the testimony of Christ that is going out to the world from the church in Rome

v.9-10a as a gospel preacher who unceasingly prays for the assemblies in Rome

v. 10b and also praying to the Lord that I might come to you in Rome

v.11 Paul has an apostolic burden to strengthen the saints as the Lord imparts some spiritual gift through him



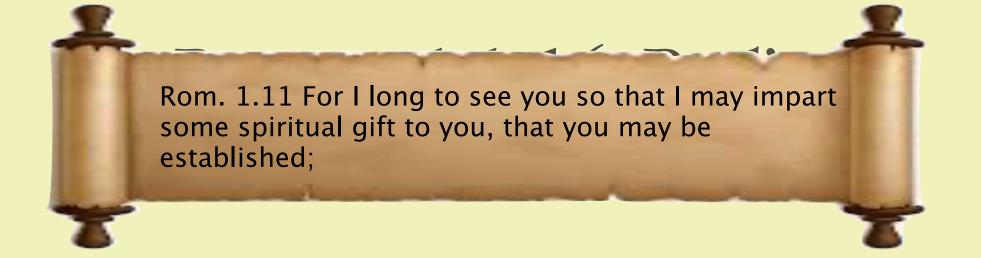
v.8 as a believer who rejoices in the testimony of Christ that is going out to the world from the church in Rome

v.9-10a as a gospel preacher who unceasingly prays for the assemblies in Rome

v. 10b and also praying to the Lord that I might come to you in Rome

v.11 Paul has an apostolic burden to strengthen the saints as the Lord imparts some spiritual gift through him

- Paul's burden is always firmly setting the foundation of Jesus Christ alone



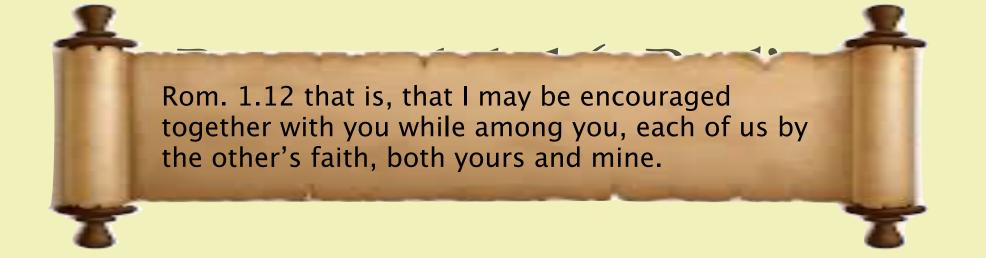
v.8 as a believer who rejoices in the testimony of Christ that is going out to the world from the church in Rome

v.9-10a as a gospel preacher who unceasingly prays for the assemblies in Rome

v. 10b and also praying to the Lord that I might come to you in Rome

v.11 Paul has an apostolic burden to strengthen the saints as the Lord imparts some spiritual gift through him

- Paul's burden is always firmly setting the foundation of Jesus Christ alone
- the "spiritual gift" he mentions is probably not a charismatic gift but a depositing more of Christ himself as they fellowship together



v.8 as a believer who rejoices in the testimony of Christ that is going out to the world from the church in Rome

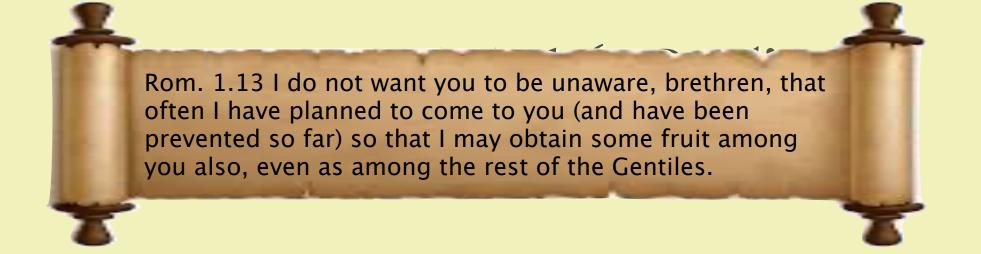
v.9-10a as a gospel preacher who unceasingly prays for the assemblies in Rome

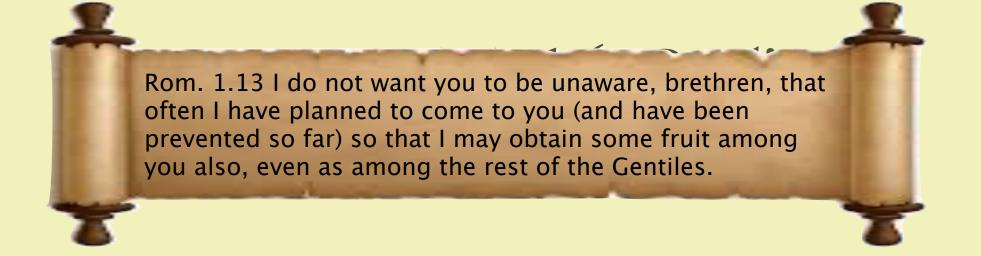
v. 10b and also praying to the Lord that I might come to you in Rome

v.11 Paul has an apostolic burden to strengthen the saints as the Lord imparts some spiritual gift through him

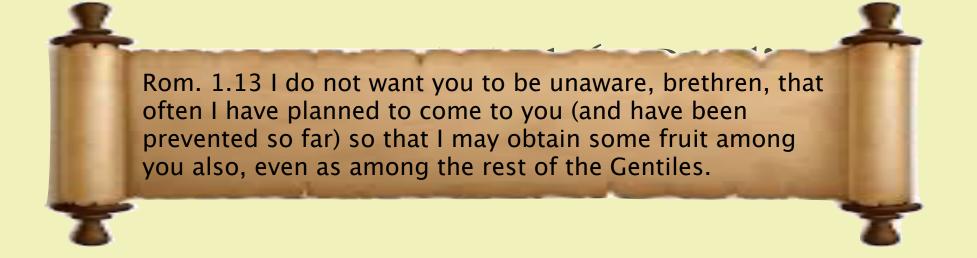
- Paul's burden is always firmly setting the foundation of Jesus Christ alone
- the "spiritual gift" he mentions is probably not a charismatic gift but a depositing more of Christ himself as they fellowship together

v.12 Paul does not want to seem overbearing so restates their meeting as a time of "coming alongside one another" as faith builds faith in each other



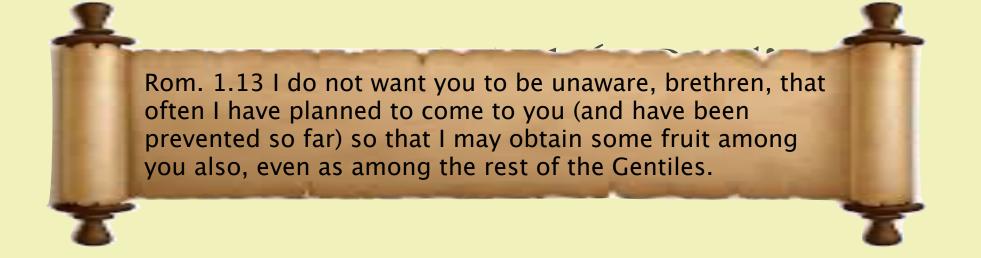


Introduction: Paul's relationship to the church in Rome Rom 1.13-15 v.13 Paul shares his longing to come to Rome even if they have not heard of him



v.13 Paul shares his longing to come to Rome even if they have not heard of him

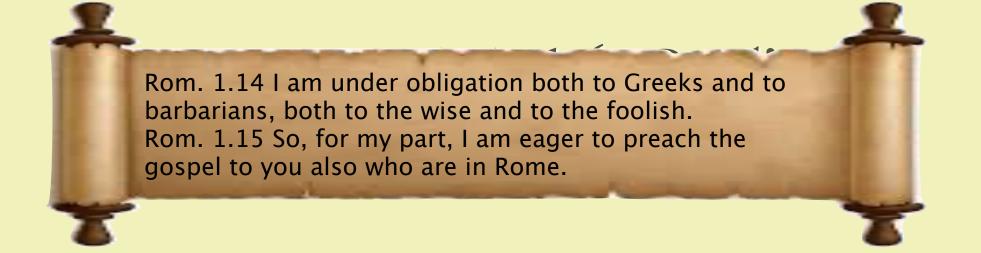
v.13 Paul often shares that his plans are ruled or overruled by the Lord as he simply acknowledges he has been prevented from coming



v.13 Paul shares his longing to come to Rome even if they have not heard of him

v.13 Paul often shares that his plans are ruled or overruled by the Lord as he simply acknowledges he has been prevented from coming

v. 13 Paul' faith expects fruit and blessing wherever he serves the Lord especially among the Gentiles everywhere

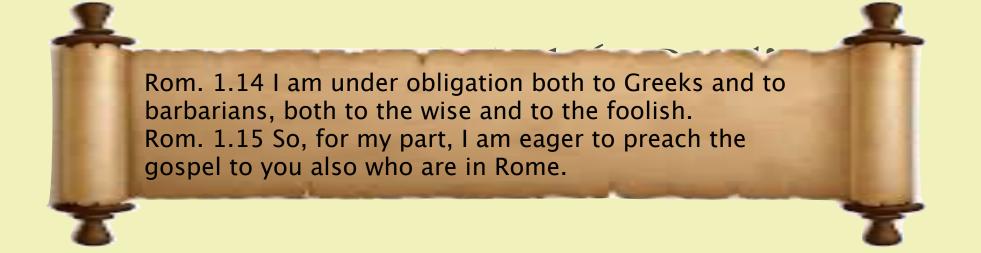


v.13 Paul shares his longing to come to Rome even if they have not heard of him

v.13 Paul often shares that his plans are ruled or overruled by the Lord as he simply acknowledges he has been prevented from coming

v. 13 Paul' faith expects fruit and blessing wherever he serves the Lord especially among the Gentiles everywhere

v.14 Paul is a "debtor" to preach the gospel to all men everywhere: Greeks, non-greek speaking peoples and tribes; wise and foolish



v.13 Paul shares his longing to come to Rome even if they have not heard of him

v.13 Paul often shares that his plans are ruled or overruled by the Lord as he simply acknowledges he has been prevented from coming

v. 13 Paul' faith expects fruit and blessing wherever he serves the Lord especially among the Gentiles everywhere

v.14 Paul is a "debtor" to preach the gospel to all men everywhere: Greeks, non-greek speaking peoples and tribes; wise and foolish

v.15 that's why Paul eagerly looks forward to preaching the gospel also in Rome



Paul's Epistle to the Romans

 Greatest Gospel Tract Ever Written by the Holy Spirit through the Heart of Paul

Next time: Rom.1.16-32 The Righteousness of God